

## Supporting Information

### Bacterial Curli Protein Promotes the Conversion of PAP(248-286) into the Amyloid SEVI: Cross-Seeding of Dissimilar Amyloid Sequences

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#### CsgA

R1: SELNIYQYGGGNSALALQTDARN  
R2: SDLTITWHGGGNGADVGGQ-GSDD  
R3: SSIDLTRGFGNSATLDQWNGKN  
R4: SEMTVKQFGGGNGAAVDQ-TASN  
R5: SSVNVTQVGFNNATAHQY

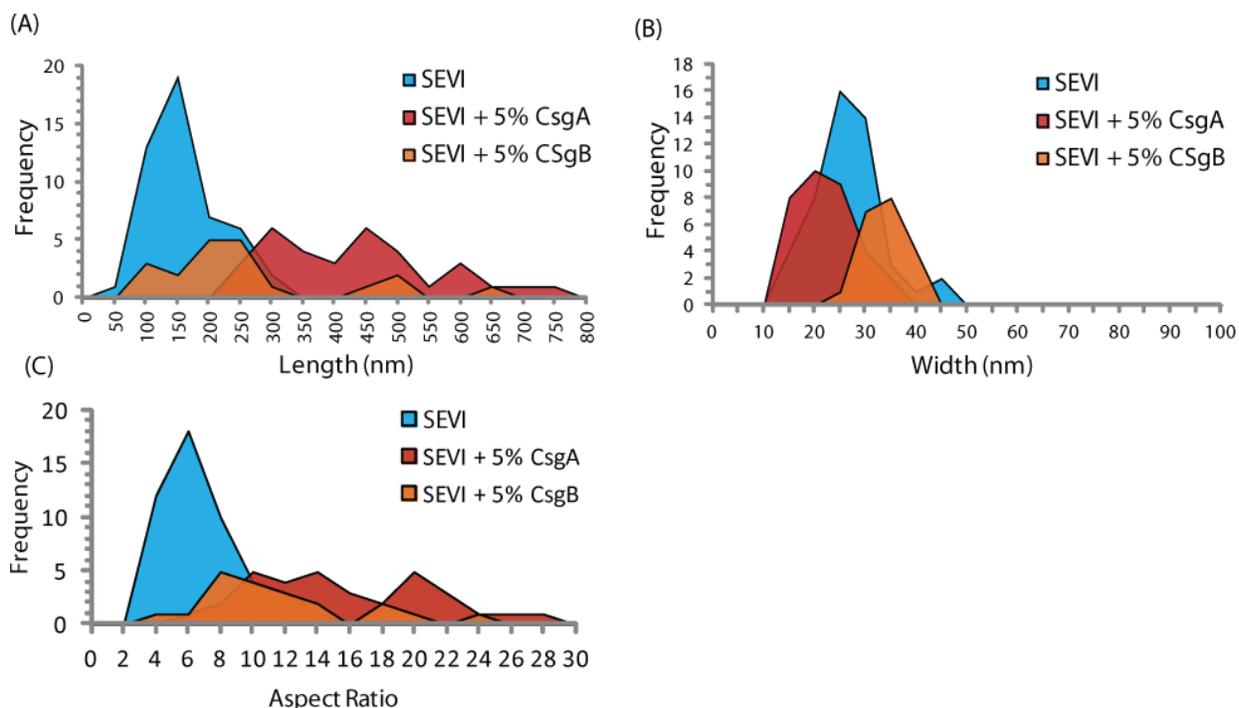
#### CsgB

R1: QAAIIGQAGTNNSAQLRQGGSK  
R2: LLAVVAQEGSSNRAKIDQTGDY  
R3: NLAYIDQAGSANDASISQGAYG  
R4: NTAMIIQKGSNKANITQYGTQ  
R5: KTAIVVQRQSQMAIRVTQR

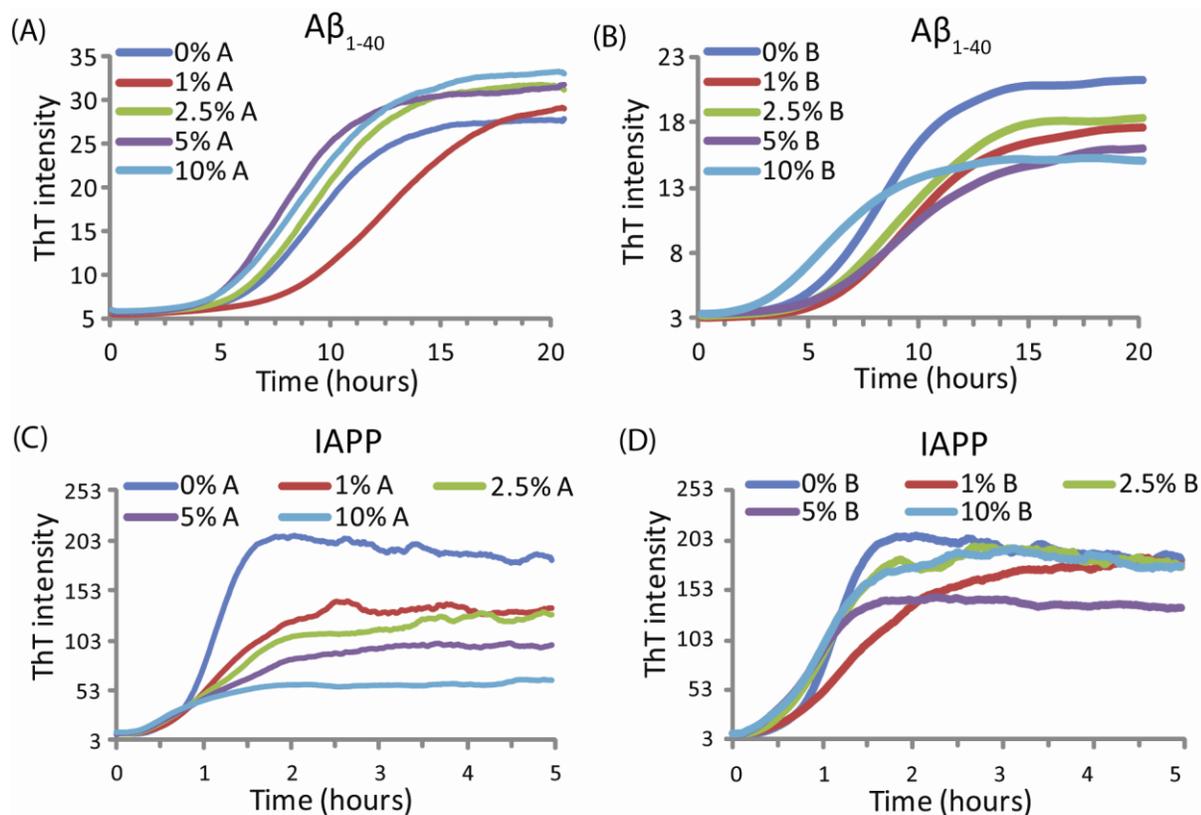
#### PAP<sub>248-286</sub>

GIHKQKEKSRLQGGVLVNEILNHMKRATQIPSYKKLIMY

**Figure S1. Amino acid sequences of CsgA, CsgB, and PAP<sub>248-286</sub>.** CsgA and B consist of five homologous subunits (R1-R5) that are believed to correspond to five  $\beta$ -sheets in the amyloid fiber.

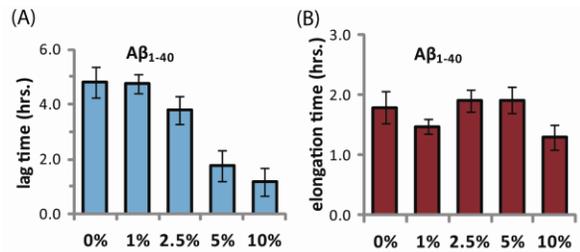


**Figure S2** Distributions of fiber length (A), width (B), and aspect ratio (C) for seeded and unseeded samples as indicated.



**Figure S3.** Kinetics of  $A\beta_{1-40}$  and IAPP amyloid fiber formation in the presence of preformed fibers of CsgA and CsgB. ThT fluorescence measurements of  $A\beta_{1-40}$  (Top) and IAPP (Bottom) as a

function of CsgA (**left**) and CsgB (**right**) seeding concentration, expressed as a mole percentage of the  $A\beta_{1-40}$  and IAPP concentrations ( $5\ \mu\text{M}$  and  $2.5\ \mu\text{M}$  respectively). Curves are averages for 3 measurements.



**Figure S4. Seeding  $A\beta_{1-40}$  amyloid formation with preformed  $A\beta_{1-40}$  significantly affects the lag-time but has less impact on the elongation rate.** Impact of preformed  $A\beta_{1-40}$  fibers on the lag time (A) and elongation time (B) of amyloid formation  $5\ \mu\text{M}$   $A\beta_{1-40}$  (bottom) as molar percentage of the  $A\beta_{1-40}$  concentration.