Supplemental File S2

List of morphological character employed in the Phylogenetic Analyses.

Variation and character states for discrete characters are showed between parentheses. NPB=non polymorphic binary; PB= polymorphic binary; NPM= non polymorphic multistate; PM= polymorphic multistate.

CONTINUOUS CHARACTERS

- 1. Number of scales around midbody
- 2. Number of scales between occiput and thighs
- 3. Number of scales in dorsal head, from occiput to rostral (Hellmich Index)
- 4. Number of supercilliaries
- 5. Number of scale organs in postrostrals
- 6. Number of temporal scales
- 7. Number of neck's scales
- 8. Number of scales of neck, from posterior margin of auditory meatus to antehumeral fold.
- 9. Number of gular scales
- 10. Number of upper cilliaries scales
- 11. Number of lower cilliaries scales
- 12. Number of lorilabials scales
- 13. Number of lorilabials scales contactoing subocular
- 14. Number of supralabials
- 15. Number of infralabials
- 16. Number of postmentals (Chinshields)
- 17. Number of ventrals
- 18. Number of precloacal pores in males
- 19. Number of precloacal pores in females
- 20. Number of digital lamellae on finger 1
- 21. Number of digital lamellae on finger 2
- 22. Number of digital lamellae on finger 3
- 23. Number of digital lamellae on finger 4
- 24. Number of digital lamellae on finger 5
- 25. Length of finger 1/SVL
- 26. Length of finger 2/SVL
- 27. Length of finger 3/SVL
- 28. Length of finger 4/SVL
- 29. Length of finger 5/SVL
- 30. Number of digital lamellae on toe 1
- 31. Number of digital lamellae on toe 2
- 32. Number of digital lamellae on toe 3

- 33. Number of digital lamellae on toe 4
- 34. Number of digital lamellae on toe 5
- 35. Length of toe 1/SVL
- 36. Length of toe 2/SVL
- 37. Length of toe 3/SVL
- 38. Length of toe 4/SVL
- 39. Length of toe 5/SVL
- 40. Head Length/SVL in males
- 41. Head Length/SVL in females
- 42. Head width/SVL in males
- 43. Head width/SVL in females
- 44. Head heigth/SVL in males
- 45. Head heigth/SVL in females
- 46. Trunk length/SVL in males
- 47. Trunk length/SVL in males
- 48. Humerus length/SVL
- 49. Tibia length/SVL
- 50. Foot length/SVL in males
- 51. Foot length/SVL in females
- 52. Tail length/SVL
- 53. Wide of tail base /SVL in males
- 54. Wide of tail base /SVL in males
- 55. Distance between posterior edge of the eye and the anterior edge of the auditory meatus /head length
- 56. Height of auditory meatus /wide of auditory meatus
- 57. Length of fourth supralabial/head length
- 58. Internares distance/head width
- 59. Interorbital distance/head width
- 60. Length of subocular/head length
- 61. Length of fourth lorilabial/head length
- 62. Length of preocular/head length
- 63. Length of posocular/head length
- 64. Length of auricular/head length

DISCRETE CHARACTERS

- 65. Shape of dorsal scales of body (PM; 0=rounded/1=lanceolate/2=rombhoidal)
- 66. Disposition of dorsal scales of body (NPM; 0=juxtaposed/1=slightly imbricated/2= strongly imbricated)

- 67. Surface of dorsal scales of body Presence of keel (NPM; 0=smooth, without keel/1= slightly keeled/2=strongly keeled)
- 68. Point shaped edge of dorsal scales of body (mucronated) (NPB; 0=not mucronated/1=slightly mucronated/2= strongly mucronated)
- 69. Surface of scales of dorsal head (PB; 0=smooth/1= slightly rugouse/2= rugouse)
- 70. Supraorbital semicircles (PB; 0=complete/1=incomplete)
- 71. Number of supraocular scales (PB; 0= more than four/1= four or less)
- 72. Number of enlarged supraocular scales (PB; 0= more than three/1= three or less)
- 73. Fragmentation of frontal scale (PB; 0 = fragmented/1= azygous, not fragmented).
- 74. Interparietal size vs parietal size (PM; 0=smaller/1= equal/2= bigger)
- 75. Contact between nasal and rostral (PM; 0= without contact, separated by one scale/ 1= narrow contact/2= broad contact)
- 76. Number of scales between canthal and nasal (NPB; 0= one scale/1= two scales)
- 77. Number of scales between subocular and nasal (PB; 0= four or more scales/1= three scales)
- 78. Number of scales between subocular and canthal (PM; 0= five/1=four/2= three/3= two)
- 79. Preocular contacting lorilabial row (PB; 0= Without contact; 1= contacting)
- 80. Shape of supralabials (NPB; 0= wide, bigger than lorilabials; 1= narrow, equal in size than lorilabials)
- 81. Fourth supralabial upturned (NPB; 0= not upturned/1= upturned)
- 82. Fourth supralabial contacting subocular (PB; 0= there are not contact/1= contacting),
- 83. Surface of temporal scales (PMS; 0= smooth/1= slightly keeled/2= strongly keeled)
- 84. Auricular scale (PB; 0=Absent/1=Present).
- 85. Inferior edge of the auricular scale (NPB; 0= don't reach the half line of the auditory meatus/1= reach or exceed the half line of auditory meatus)
- 86. Enlarged scales on anterior edge of auditory meatus (NPB; 0= Present/1= absent)
- 87. Shape of neck scales (PB; 0= granular/1= laminar)
- 88. Surface of neck scales (BP; 0= smooth/1= slightly keeled/2= strongly keeled)
- 89. Number of scales contacting mental sclae (PB; 0= four/1= more than four)
- 90. Number of posmental scales (Chinshields) (PM; 0= three/1= four/2=five)
- 91. Number of scales between posmental II (PB; 0= two or more scales/1= one scale)
- 92. Number of scales between posmental III (PB; 0= four or more scales/1= three or less scales)
- 93. Number of scales between posmental IV (PB; 0= more than five scales/1= five or less scales)
- 94. Pigmentation on dorsal head (PM; 0= irregular spots/1= melanic/2= without spots)
- 95. Black line surrounding interparietal (PB; 0=absent/1=Present)
- 96. Black line extending forward from interparietal scale to frontonasal scales (PB; 0= Absent/1= Present)
- 97. Subocular whitish (PB; 0= no, same color as loreal region/1= yes, lighter than loreal region)
- 98. Band-shaped spot in middle region of subocular (PB; 0= absent/ = present).
- 99. Band-shaped spot in posterior region of subocular (P; 0= absent/1= present)

- 100. Line or light stripe which begins in postero-superior edge of the eye, and reaches dorsolateral stripes (PB; 0= absent/1= present)
- 101. Black line bordering the line or light stripe that begins in postero-superior edge of the eye, and reaches dorsolateral stripes (PB; 0= absent/1= present)
- 102. Line or light stripe that begins at the middle of posterior edge of the eye, and extends back to upper edge of auditory meatus (PB; 0= absent/1= present)
- 103. Black line bordering the line or light stripe that begins at the middle of posterior edge of the eye, and extends back to upper edge of auditory meatus (PB; 0= absent/1= present)
- 104. Line or light stripe that begins at posterior of edge auditory meatus and extends to shoulder, along the auricular and longitudinal folds (PB; 0= absent/1= present)
- 105. Black line bordering the line or light stripe that begins at posterior edge of auditory meatus and extends to shoulder, along the auricular and longitudinal folds (PB; 0= absent/1= present)
- 106. White line in rictal fold (PB; 0= absent/1= present)
- 107. Paravertebral spots in males (PB; 0= present/1= absent)
- 108. Paravertebral spots in females (PB; 0= present/1= absent)
- 109. Shape of paravertebral spots (PM; 0= Absent/1=rectangular/2= rounded/3= lines perpendicular to body axis/4= lines parallel to body axis/5= dot shaped/6= U shaped/7= triangular)
- 110. White edge of paravertebral spots (PB; 0= absent/1= present)
- 111. Dorsolateral stripes in males (PB; 0= Absent/1= present)
- 112. Dorsolateral stripes in females (PB; 0= Absent/1= present)
- 113. Black margin of dorsolteral stripes (PB; 0= Absent/1= Present)
- 114. Number of scales included in the wide of dorsolateral stripes (NPMS, 0=0/1=0.5-1/2=1.5-2/3=2.5-3)
- 115. Vertebral line in females (PB; 0= Absent/1= Present)
- 116. Vertebral line in males (PB; 0= Absent/1= Present)
- 117. Background color of lateral field (PB; 0= same color than dorsum/1= darker tan dorsum).
- 118. Spots in lateral field in females (PM; 0= spotless/1= black spots/2= white spots)
- 119. Spots in lateral field in males (PM; 0= spotless/1= black spots/2= white spots)
- 120. Shape of spots in lateral fields in females (PM; 0= spotless/1= rounded/2= irregular)
- 121. Shape of spots in lateral fields in males (PMS 0= spotless/1= rounded/2= irregular)
- 122. Lines in lateral field in females (PM; 0= without lines/1= black lines/2= white lines/3= light blue lines/4= orange or yellow lines)
- 123. Lines in lateral field in males (PM; 0= without lines/1= black lines/2= white lines/3= light blue lines/4= orange or yellow lines)
- 124. Shape of lines in lateral field in females (NPM; 0= without lines/1= narrow/2= broad band-shaped)
- 125. Shape of lines in lateral field in males (NPM; 0= without lines/1= narrow/2= broad band-shaped)
- 126. Iridescent scales on flaks of body (PB; 0= present/1= absent)
- 127. Ventrolateral line (PB; 0= absent/1= Present)

- 128. Background color in ventrolateral region (PM; 0= Light blue or orange/1= cream color/2= gray /3= melanic)
- 129. Color pattern in ventrolateral region (PM; 0=without pattern/1= lines/2= black spots/3= white spots)
- 130. Background color of throat in females (PM; 0= cream color/1= light gray/2= lead gray/3= melanic/4= blue)
- 131. Background color of throat in males (PM; 0= cream color/1= light gray/2= lead gray/3= melanic/4= blue)
- 132. Color pattern of throat in females (PM; 0= variegated/1= irregular spots/2= without pattern)
- 133. Color pattern of throat in females (PM; 0= variegated/1= irregular spots/2= without pattern/ 3= white spots)
- 134. Background color of chest in females (PM; 0= cream color/1= gray/2= melanic/3= blue)
- 135. Background color of chest in females (PM; 0= cream color/1= gray/2= melanic/3= blue)
- 136. Color pattern in chest (PM; 0= variegated/1= spots/2= without pattern)
- 137. Background color of belly (PM; 0= cream color/1= gray/2= melanic/3= blue)
- 138. Color pattern of belly (PM; 0= variegated/1= spots/2= without pattern)
- 139. Vertebral line in tail (PB; 0=Absent; 1=Present)
- 140. Dorsolateral stripes in tail (NPB; 0= Absent/1= Present)
- 141. Paravertebral spots in tail (NPB; 0= Absent/1= Present)
- 142. Shape of paravertebral spots of tail (NPM; 0 = rounded/1= lines perpendicular to body axis/2= rectangular)
- 143. Ringed pattern in tail (NPB: 0= present/1= absent)
- 144. Ventral background color of tail in females (NPB; 0= cream color/1= gray/2=melanic)
- 145. Ventral background color of tail in females (NPB; 0= cream color/1= gray/2=melanic)
- 146. Ventral color pattern (NPM; 0= irregular spots/1= lines/2= without pattern)
- 147. Number of rows in which the scale organs of third lorilabial are arranged (PM; 0=three rows/1= two rows/2= one row)
- 148. Number of rows in which the scale organs of the scale located under the preocular and canthal are arranged (PM; 0= one row/1= two rows/2= three rows)
- 149. Antegular fold (PB; 0= present/1=absent)
- 150. Neck folds Y-shaped (PB; 0= present /1= absent)
- 151. Horizontal fold (PB; 0= present /1= absent)
- 152. Precloacal pores in females (PB; 0= absent/1= present)
- 153. Microhabitat preferences (PM; 0= saxicolous/1= terrestrial, *Festuca* sp./2= terrestrial, bushes/3= terrestrial, logs)
- 154. Reproductive mode (NPB; 0= viviparous/1= oviparous)
- 155. Reproductive coloration in females (NPB; 0= absent/1= present)
- 156. A blade-like tibial process (NPB; 0= present/1= absent)
- 157. Meckel's groove (NPB; 0= open/1= fused)
- 158. Number of scales between the frontal and supercilliaries (PB; 0= four or less/1= five or more)

- 159. Number of scales between frontal and rostral (PB; 0= five or less/1= six or more)
- 160. Number of scales contacting interparietal (PB; 0= six or less/1= seven or more)
- 161. Number of scales forming the supraorbital semicircles (NPM; 0=6-8/1=9-10/2= 1-12)
- 162. Number of scales surroundig nasal (NPB; 0= six/1= seven or more)
- 163. Snout-Vent-Length in females (NPM; 0=36-45/1=45.1-58/2=58.1-65)
- 164. Snout-Vent-Length in males (NPM; 0=44-53/1=53.1-62/2=62.1-70)
- 165. Wide of vertebral region in mm (NPM; 0=0, without vertebral region/1= 0-1.72/2= 1.73-3.3/3= 3.6-4.68/4= 5 or more)
- 166. Percentage of females exhibiting precloacal pores (NPM; 0=0%/1=1-36.5%/2=37-65%/3=66-100%)
- 167. Background color of lateral field (NPM; 0= light brown/1= dark brown/2= orange/3= gray;4= melanic/5= yellow/6= green/7= red)