

Table 4. Species with significant Indicator Values (IndVal, DeCaceres & Legendre, 2009) per year (2013 and 2014) and season (wet and dry) at 10 sampling sites (spaced ca. 40 Km) along a ca. 400 Km transect from the Sahara desert to the semiarid Mediterranean coast (see map in Figure 1). Species were selected for three sections of the gradient in the wet season and only for two sections for the dry season following the groupings of a cluster analysis based on Bray-Curtis dissimilarity index.

Wet Season								
2013					2014			
	Semiarid	stat	p.value	signif		Semiarid	stat	p.value signif
Amidorus cribricollis		1	0.010	**	Aphodius foetidus		1	0.025 *
Euonthophagus crocatus		1	0.010	**	Euonthophagus crocatus		1	0.025 *
Onitis numida		1	0.010	**	Onitis numida		1	0.025 *
Onthophagus maki		1	0.010	**	Onthophagus maki		1	0.025 *
Onthophagus andalusicus		1	0.010	**	Onthophagus andalusicus		1	0.025 *
Onthophagus taurus		1	0.010	**	Onthophagus opacicollis		1	0.025 *
					Onthophagus taurus		0.972	0.02 *
					Calamosternus mayeri		0.863	0.035 *
	Intermediate section					Intermediate section		
Mecynodes leucopterus		0.853	0.030	*	Alocoderus hydrochaeris		1	0.005 **
Onthophagus nebulosus		0.698	0.025	*	Mecynodes leucopterus		0.859	0.005 **
					Onthophagus nebulosus		0.733	0.01 **
	Desert					Desert		
Bodilus beduinus		0.918	0.005	**	Bodilus beduinus		0.887	0.025 *
Chilothorax hieroglyphicus		0.897	0.005	**	Chilothorax hieroglyphicus		0.835	0.045 *

Dry Season								
2013					2014			
	Semiarid	stat	p.value	signif		Semiarid	stat	p.value signif
Anomius baeticus		0.983	0.015	*	Anomius baeticus		0.99	0.025 *
	Rest of gradient					Rest of gradient		
Chilothorax hieroglyphicus		1	0.015	*	Bodilus beduinus		0.956	0.025 *
Bodilus beduinus		0.98	0.015	*				

Table 5. Summary of the GLRs evaluating the effects of the extracted PLS components on species richness and log abundance for the wet and dry seasons. Values in bold indicate regression coefficients of components that differ significantly from zero after Bonferroni correction ($p < 0.0125$).

	Estimate \pm SE	t	p
Richness			
<i>Wet season</i>			
Intercept	18.000 \pm 0.316	56.873	< 0.0001
Component 1	1.070 \pm 0.087	12.280	< 0.0001
Component 2	1.105 \pm 0.213	5.186	0.0020
Component 3	0.850 \pm 0.213	3.995	0.0072
<i>Dry season</i>			
Intercept	8.600 \pm 0.523	16.452	< 0.0001
Component 1	0.259 \pm 0.168	1.547	0.1600
Abundance			
<i>Wet season</i>			
Intercept	1.742 \pm 0.116	14.964	< 0.0001
Component 1	0.143 \pm 0.053	2.707	0.0268
<i>Dry season</i>			
Intercept	2.065 \pm 0.125	16.495	< 0.0001
Component 1	0.135 \pm 0.037	3.692	0.0061

Figure 1. Variation partitioning of Dung Beetle community variance in raw species composition (based on RDA), beta diversity and Bray-Curtis dissimilarities (based on dbRDA) along the studied aridity gradient. Community variations in four sampling campaigns: two consecutive years in the wet season (after the rainy season) and two consecutive years in the dry season (before the rainy season) are explained by up to four groups of variables (climate, space, soil and dung availability). Numbers in each fraction are adjusted R^2 values. Statistical significance of testable pure fractions (based on partial RDA or dbRDA) are shown with * ($p < 0.05$) and ** ($p < 0.01$).

