

R-Code for Variation in female reproductive tract morphology and estradiol across the reproductive cycle in the zebra finch

Laura L. Hurley^{*}, Ondi L. Crino, Melissah Rowe, Simon C. Griffith

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Base libraries (others in code)

```
#R version in use: 3.5.3
```

```
library(lme4)
library(lmerTest)
library(tidyr)
library(doBy)
library(emmeans)
library(piecewiseSEM)
library(yarr)
SE <- function(x) sd(x) / sqrt(length(x))
```

Data and functions

```
euthFemale <- read.csv("~/FemaleReproTrack.csv", stringsAsFactors = TRUE, header = TRUE)

euthOvaduct <- euthFemale %>% drop_na(OvaductWT)
euthFol <- euthFemale %>% drop_na(Follicle_Vol)
euthE2 <- euthFemale %>% drop_na(E2_2_NA)

overdisp_fun <- function(model) {
  rdf <- df.residual(model)
  rp <- residuals(model, type="pearson")
  Pearson.chisq <- sum(rp^2)
  prat <- Pearson.chisq/rdf
  pval <- pchisq(Pearson.chisq, df=rdf, lower.tail=FALSE)
  c(chisq=Pearson.chisq, ratio=prat, rdf=rdf, p=pval)
}

#Calculating Scaled Mass index - This column is already saved into the data file
#http://apansharing.blogspot.com/2018/05/an-r-function-olsrobust-scaled-mass-index.html
scaledMassIndex <-
function(x, y, x.0 = mean(x)) {
  require(smatr)
  require(magrittr)
  require(MASS)
  require(data.table)
```

```

logM.ols <- lm(log(y) ~ log(x))
logM.rob <- rlm(log(y) ~ log(x), method = "M")
b.msa.ols <- coef(sma(log(y) ~ log(x)))[2]
b.msa.rob <- coef(sma(log(y) ~ log(x), robust = T))[2]
SMI.ols <- y * (x.0 / x) ^ b.msa.ols
SMI.rob <- y * (x.0 / x) ^ b.msa.rob
#res <- data.frame(SMI.ols, SMI.rob, x, y)
# pred.DT <-
# data.table(x = seq(min(x), max(x), length = 100)) %>%
# .[, y.ols := predict(logM.ols, newdata = .) %>% exp] %>%
# .[, y.rob := predict(logM.rob, newdata = .) %>% exp]
#attr(res, "b.msa") <- c(ols = b.msa.ols, rob = b.msa.rob)
# return(res)
}

```

```

euthFemale$dt.SMIF <- scaledMassIndex(euthFemale$`Tarsus_female`, euthFemale
$`Mass_female`, x.0 = 2) #This is already saved into the data file as SMI_F

```

Female SMI

```

FSMI0 <- lm(SMI_F ~TimePt, data=euthFemale)
summary(FSMI0)
anova(FSMI0)

```

```
overdisp_fun(FSMI0)
```

Oviduct Wet Mass

```
euthOvaduct$OvaductWTln <- log(euthOvaduct$OvaductWT)
```

```

Ovaduct0 <- lm(OvaductWTln~TimePt+SMI_F, data=euthOvaduct)
summary(Ovaduct0)
anova(Ovaduct0) #pre is sig diff D3, mid, 6dph, fledge

```

```
overdisp_fun(Ovaduct0)
```

```
emmeans(Ovaduct0, pairwise~TimePt)
```

```

Ovar <- resid(Ovaduct0)
op <- par(mfrow = c(2, 2), mar = c(5, 4, 1, 2))
plot(Ovar)
qqnorm(Ovar); qqline(Ovar, col = 2)
hist(Ovar, xlab = "Ovaduct Residuals", main = "")
plot(euthOvaduct$TimePt, Ovar, xlab = "TimePt", ylab = "Ovaduct Residuals")

```

```

par(op)
#normality of residuals
shapiro.test(Ovar)
#Bartlett test of homogeneity of variance

```

```
bartlett.test(Ovar,euthOvaduct$TimePt)
```

```
rsquared(Ovaduct0)
```

Follicle Volume

```
euthFol$Follicle_Volln <- log(euthFol$Follicle_Vol)
```

```
Fol0 <- lm(Follicle_Volln~TimePt+SMI_F, data=euthFol)
```

```
summary(Fol0)
```

```
anova(Fol0) #pre is sig diff mid, 6dph, fledge
```

```
overdisp_fun(Fol0)
```

```
emmeans(Fol0, pairwise~TimePt)
```

```
Folr <- resid(Fol0)
```

```
op <- par(mfrow = c(2, 2), mar = c(5, 4, 1, 2))
```

```
plot(Folr)
```

```
qqnorm(Folr); qqline(Folr, col = 2)
```

```
hist(Folr, xlab = "Ovaduct Residuals", main = "")
```

```
plot(euthFol$TimePt, Folr, xlab = "TimePt", ylab = "Ovaduct Residuals")
```

```
par(op)
```

```
#normality of residuals
```

```
shapiro.test(Folr)
```

```
#Bartlett test of homogeneity of variance
```

```
bartlett.test(Folr,euthFol$TimePt)
```

```
rsquared(Fol0)
```

Yolky Follicle number

```
#This results in the CIS for yolks
```

```
library(loo) # required to use function compare()
```

```
library(processx) #required to load rstanarm with newer resions of R
```

```
library(rstanarm)
```

```
# compare fitted models
```

```
m1 <- stan_glm(data = euthFol, Yolky ~ TimePt-1, family = neg_binomial_2) # d  
rop intercept using "-1" so each coefficient corresponds to a mean count at e  
ach time period
```

```
summary(m1)
```

```
m2 <- stan_glm(data = euthFol, Yolky ~ 1, family = neg_binomial_2)
```

```
compare(loo(m1),loo(m2))
```

```
pnorm(-14.5/2.7) # approximate p value
```

```
# posterior interval (compare to evaluate significance) - exp() of the values  
to get counts on the arithmetic scale
```

```
M3 <- exp(posterior_interval(m1,prob=0.95))
```

```
summary(M3)
```

```
M3
```

Construction of Figure 3

```
x0 <-c(1:6)
xname0 <- c("Pre-breed", "Nesting", "Laying", "Incubation", "Nestling", "Fledge")
```

```
dev.off()
```

```
#par(mar=c(7,6,3,3), cex.axis=1)
```

```
Fig3 <- {
```

```
  par(mfrow = c(3,1))
```

```
  par(mar=c(1,5,1,3), cex.axis=1)
```

```
  pirateplot(formula = OvaductWT ~ TimePt,
```

```
    data = euthOvaduct,
```

```
    theme = 0,
```

```
    xlab = "",
```

```
    xaxt = "n", #remove pirate plots auto xaxis
```

```
    ylab = "Oviduct Mass (g)",
```

```
    main = NULL,
```

```
    pal = "black", #set palette to black and white
```

```
    inf.method = "se",
```

```
    bean.b.o = .6, # Bean boarder - bean.f.o would fill colour
```

```
    point.o = .7, # Points
```

```
    jitter.val= 0.08, #shifts points
```

```
    inf.f.o = .7, # Inference fill
```

```
    inf.b.o = .8, # Inference border
```

```
    avg.line.o = 1, # Average line
```

```
    bar.f.o = .5, # Bar
```

```
    inf.f.col = c("grey85"), # Inf fill col
```

```
    inf.b.col = "black", # Inf border col
```

```
    avg.line.col = "black", # avg line col
```

```
    bar.f.col = gray(1), # bar filling color,
```

```
    gl.lwd = c(0, 0),
```

```
    point.pch = 20,
```

```
    point.cex = 2)
```

```
  axis(1, at=c(1:6), labels=F, las=2)
```

```
#par(op)
```

```
#dev.off()
```

```
#par(mar=c(7,6,3,3), cex.axis=1)
```

```
par(mar=c(1,5,1,3), cex.axis=1)
```

```
pirateplot(formula = Follicle_Vol ~ TimePt,
```

```
  data = euthFol,
```

```
  theme = 0,
```

```
  yaxt = "n",
```

```
  xlab = "",
```

```

xaxt = "n", #remove pirate plots auto xaxis
ylab = "Follicle Volume"~(mm^{3}),
main = NULL,
pal = "black", #set palette to black and white
inf.method = "se",
bean.b.o = .6, # Bean boarder - bean.f.o would fill colour
point.o = .7, # Points
jitter.val= 0.12, #shifts points
inf.f.o = .7, # Inference fill
inf.b.o = .8, # Inference border
avg.line.o = 1, # Average line
bar.f.o = .5, # Bar
inf.f.col = c("grey73"), # Inf fill col
inf.b.col = "black", # Inf border col
avg.line.col = "black", # avg line col
bar.f.col = gray(1), # bar filling color
gl.lwd = c(0, 0),
point.pch = 20,
point.bg = "white",
point.col = "black",
point.cex = 2)
axis(1, at=c(1:6), labels = F, las=2)
axis(2, at=seq(0, 200, by = 50), las=1)

par(mar=c(6,5,1,3), cex.axis=1)
pirateplot(formula = Yolky ~ TimePt,
  data = euthFol,
  theme = 0,
  yaxt = "n",
  xlab = "",
  xaxt = "n", #remove pirate plots auto xaxis
  ylab = "Number of Preovulatory Follicles",
  main = NULL,
  pal = "black", #set palette to black and white
  inf.method = "se",
  bean.b.o = .6, # Bean boarder - bean.f.o would fill colour
  point.o = .7, # Points
  jitter.val= 0.09, #shifts points
  inf.f.o = .7, # Inference fill
  inf.b.o = .8, # Inference border
  avg.line.o = 1, # Average line
  bar.f.o = .5, # Bar
  inf.f.col = c("grey73"), # Inf fill col
  inf.b.col = "black", # Inf border col
  avg.line.col = "black", # avg line col
  bar.f.col = gray(1), # bar filling color,
  gl.lwd = c(0, 0),
  point.pch = 20,
  point.bg = "white",
  point.col = "black",

```

```
      point.cex = 2)
axis(1, at=c(1:6), labels = xname0, las=2)
axis(2, at = seq(from = 0, to = 6, by = 1), las=1)
}
```