|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Speciesaccording to Worms | Alternative species name  | Hydroid morphologyif known | Gonophore type | References |
|  |  | Size | Hydranth characters: diaphragm and tentacles | Hydrocaulus and gastral canals in hydrocaulus | Adhesive appendages of hydrocaulus |  |  |
| *Corymorpha abaxialis* (Kramp, 1962) | *Euphysora abaxialis* | hydroid unknown |  |  |  | medusa | Kramp, 1962; Kramp, 1968 |
| *Corymorpha adventitia* Fraser, 1941 | - | up to 20 mm | ? | with gastral canals in hydrocaulus (see Fraser, 1941 Plate 13 fig. 3) | with adventitious shoots from the main hydrocaulus | cryptomedusoid | Fraser, 1941; Vervoort, 2009 |
| *Corymorpha annulata* (Kramp, 1928) | *Euphysora annulata* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Kramp, 1928; Kramp, 1968; Schuchert, 2010 |
| *Corymorpha anthoformis* (Yamada, 1974) | *Fukaurahydra* *anthoformis* | up to 20 mm | without diaphragm, gastral cavity sends in direction of aboral tentacles eight dichotomously branched radial canals | short hydrocaulus with parenchymousendoderm, without having any distinct longitudinal canals | with many root-like processes are projectedfrom the base of the hydrocaulus | sporosac | Yamada et al., 1977 |
| *Corymorpha apiciloculifera* (Xu & Huang, 2003) | *Euphysora apiciloculifera* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Xu and Huang, 2003; Du et al., 2012 |
| *Corymorpha balssi* Stechow, 1932 | may be *Zyzzyzus* sp. | infertilecolony | ? | hydrocaulus with longitudinal canals | with basal processes | unknown | Stechow, 1932; Ruthensteiner et al., 2008;Watson et al., 2008;Brinckmann-Voss, Calder, 2013 |
| *Corymorpha bigelowi* (Maas, 1905) | *Euphysora bigelowi* | up to 13 mm | with diaphragm, oral tentacles may be somewhat thickened at their tips | endodermal canals are visible in the hydrocaulus | anchoringrootlets arise from the canals | medusa | Maas, 1905; Kramp, 1965, 1968; Sassaman, Rees, 1978; Schuchert, 2010 |
| *Corymorpha bitungensis* (Xu, Huang & Guo, 2013) | *Euphysora bitungensis* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Lin et al., 2013 |
| *Corymorpha brunnescentis* (Huang, 1999) | *Euphysora brunnescentis* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Huang, 1999 |
| *Corymorpha cargoi* (Vargas-Hernandez and Ochoa-Figueroa, 1991) | - | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Vargas-Hernandez and Ochoa-Figueroa, 1991; López-Pérez et al., 2022 |
| *Corymorpha carnea* (Clark, 1877) | *Rhizonema carnea* | up to 150 mm | ? | hydrocaulus with many partly anastomosing canals | with rooting filaments at the middle of basal spindle-shaped part of hydrocaulus | eumedusoid  | Clark, 1877; Hirohito, 1988; Vervoort, 2009 |
| *Corymorpha crassocanalis* (Xu & Huang, 2003) | *Euphysora crassocanalis* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Xu and Huang, 2003 |
| *Corymorpha floridana* Schuchert & Collins, 2021 | - | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Schuchert, Collins, 2021 |
| *Corymorpha forbesii* (Mayer, 1894) | *Vannuccia forbesii* | up to 20-30 mm | with moniliform oral and filiform aboral tentacles | hydrocaulus with 3-4 gastrodermal longitudinal canals | at basal end rows of papillae budding along gastrodermal canals, growinginto numerous, long rooting filaments | medusa | Mayer, 1894; Schuchert, 2010; Schuchert, Collins, 2021 |
| *Corymorpha fujianensis* (Xu and Huang, 2006) | *Euphysora fujianensis* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Xu and Huang, 2006; Du et al., 2012 |
| *Corymorpha furcata* (Kramp, 1948) | *Euphysora furcata* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Kramp, 1948; Kramp, 1968 |
| *Corymorpha gemmifera* (Bouillon, 1978) | *Euphysora gemmifera* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Bouillon, 1978; Kavvamura, Kubota, 2005 |
| *Corymorpha gigantea* (Kramp, 1957) | *Euphysora gigantea* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Kramp, 1957; Kramp, 1968 |
| *Corymorpha glacialis* M. Sars, 1860 | *Monocaulus glacialis*  | up to 140 mm  | outline of the hydranth body potentially may be kidney-shaped in deep water specimens | hydrocaulus with about 20-24 gastral canals | with tiny papillary projections and adhesive filaments in the basal part | sporosac | Sars, 1860; Svoboda, Stepanjants, 2001; Vervoort, 2009; Schuchert, 2010 |
| *Corymorpha gracilis* (Brooks, 1883) | *Steenstrupia gracilis, Euphysora gracilis* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Brooks, 1883; Schuchert, Collins, 2021 |
| *Corymorpha groenlandica* (Allman, 1876) | *Monocaulus groenlandica* | up to 100 mm | ? | hydrocaulus with 14-18 longitudinal canals | Basal end with numerous tangled, thin attachment filaments | sporosac | Allman GJ. 1876; Schuchert, 2010; Svoboda, Stepanjants, 2001;not *Corymorpha* according Nawrockii et al., 2013 |
| *Corymorpha interogona* (Xu & Huang, 2003) | *Euphysora interogona* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Xu and Huang, 2003; Du et al., 2012 |
| *Corymorpha januarii* Steenstrup, 1855 | - | up to 22 mm | ? | hydrocaulus with branching and anastomosing longitudinalendodermal canals | with rooting filaments and papillae in basal part | free-swimming eumedusoid | Steenstrup, 1855; Da Silveira and Migotto, 1992; Vervoort, 2009; Genzano et al., 2009 |
| *Corymorpha juliephillipsi* (Gershwin, Zeidler & Davie, 2010) | *Euphysora juliephillipsi* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Gershwin, Zeidler and Davie, 2010 |
| *Corymorpha knides* (Huang, 1999) | *Euphysora knides* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Huang , 1999; Wang et al., 2019; |
| *Corymorpha luoyuanensis* Xu, Huang & Yang, 2022 | *Euphysora luoyuanensis* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Liu et al., 2022 |
| *Corymorpha macrobulbus* (Xu & Huang, 2003) | *Euphysora macrobulbus* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Xu and Huang, 2003; Du et al., 2012; Xu et al., 2014: fig. 243 |
| *Corymorpha meijiensis* (Xu, Huang & Guo, 2013) | *Euphysora meijiensis* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Du et al, 2013 |
| *Corymorpha microrhiza* (Hickson & Gravely, 1907) | *Lampra microrhiza* | up to 120 mm | with filiform oral and aboral tentacles, with diaphragma | hydrocaulus with gastral canals | with delicate attachment processes (rooting filaments) at the proximal end | cryptomedusoid | Hickson and Gravely, 1907; Vervoort, 2009; Svoboda, Stepanjants, 2001 |
| *Corymorpha multiknoba* (Xu, Huang & Guo, 2014) | *Euphysora multiknoba* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Xu et al., 2014: fig. 244 |
| *Corymorpha nana* Alder, 1857 | - | up to 18 mm | ? | up to 20 canals in hydrocaulus | with basal adhesive papillae | medusa | Alder, 1857; Vervoort, 2009; Schuchert, 2010 |
| *Corymorpha nanhainesis* (Huang, Xu & Ling, 2012) | *Costa nanhainensis*. | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Huang et al, 2012 |
| *Corymorpha normani* (Browne, 1916) | *Steenstrupia normani* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Browne, 1916; Kramp, 1968 |
| *Corymorpha nutans* M. Sars, 1835 | *Steenstrupia nutans* | up to 120 mm  | ? | hydrocaulus with parenchymatic tissue and longitudinal canals | Basal part of hydrocaulus with tiny papillary projections more basally developing into long, fine rooting filaments | medusa | Sars, 1835; Kramp, 1968; Vervoort, 2009; Schuchert, 2010 |
| *Corymorpha palma* Torrey, 1902 |  | up to 100 mm | ? | hydrocaulus with caenosarcal canals | filamentous rootlets arising on the proximal caenosarcal canals. The proximal ones are longest | attached eumedusoid | Torrey, 1902; Vervoort, 2009 |
| *Corymorpha pendula* L. Agassiz, 1862 | *Hybocodon pendulus, Hybocodon pendula* | up to 100 mm | ? | hydrocaulus with longitudinal canals | hydrocaulus is anchored by a number of root-like, tubular, fleshy processes (elongate filaments) | medusa | Agassiz, 1862: p.276; Kramp, 1961: p. 42-43; Mayer, 1910: p. 41-42 |
| *Corymorpha pileiformis* (Xu, Huang & Guo, 2014) | *Euphysora pileiformis* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Xu et al., 2014 fig.245 |
| *Corymorpha pseudoabaxialis* (Bouillon, 1978) | *Euphysora pseudoabaxialis* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Bouillon, 1978 |
| *Corymorpha rubicincta* Watson, 2008 |  | up to 40 mm | ? | hydrocaulus cylindrical, with a transverse red band (‘primary band’) atone third of its height | base of hydrocaulus with numerous papillae, attached in sediment by means ofthin rooting filaments.  | cryptomedusoid | Watson, 2008; Vervoort, 2009 |
| *Corymorpha russelli* (Hamond, 1974) | *Euphysora russelli* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Hamond, 1974 |
| *Corymorpha sagamina* Hirohito, 1988 |  | up to 40 mm | ? | Distal one third of hydrocaulus transparent with about 10 longitudinal canaliculi, remaining part of hydrocaulus not transparent with ten longitudinal ridges  | Two longitudinal rows of alternate papillae present on each ridge, most developed at the middle portion. Below middle portion papillae become long anchoring filaments  | free medusa with unknown morphology | Hirohito, 1988; Vervoort, 2009 |
| *Corymorpha sarsii* Steenstrup, 1855 | *Lampra sarsii*, *Monocaulus sarsii* | up to 100 mm | trophosome indistinguishable from *C. nutans* | hydrocaulus with about 10 longitudinal canals | Basal part of hydrocaulus with tiny papillary projections more basally developing into long, fine rooting filaments | medusoids | Vervoort, 2009; Schuchert, 2010 |
| *Corymorpha similis* (Kramp, 1959) | *Gotoea similis* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Kramp, 1959: p.90, pl. II fig. 1 |
| *Corymorpha solidonema* (Huang, 1999) | *Euphysora solidonema* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Huang, 1999; Xu et al., 2014: fig.246 |
| *Corymorpha symmetrica* Hargitt, 1924 | - | up to 30 mm  | ? | hydrocaulus with caenosarcal canals | with stoloniferous growths from its base forming apparently a distinct rhizocaulus | medusoid? no specimen shows the character of manubrium or sex | Hargitt, 1924 p. 473-474 |
| *Corymorpha taiwanensis* (Xu & Huang, 2003) | *Euphysora taiwanensis* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Xu and Huang, 2003; Du et al., 2012 |
| *Corymorpha tomoensis* Ikeda, 1910 | - | up to 34 mm  | the septal structures separating the two hydranth-cavities as also that which separates the lower hydranth-cavity from the hydrocaulus-cavity | hydrocaulus with about 10 canals | bulbous end of hydrocaulus investedwith filaments (elongated papillae) | Gonophore may develop into free medusae | Ikeda, 1910; Vervoort, 2009 |
| *Corymorpha typica* (Uchida, 1927) | *Gotoea typica* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Uchida, 1927; Kramp, 1959, 1965 |
| *Corymorpha uvularis* (Fraser, 1941) | *Lampra uvularis* | up to 22 mm | ? | without evident canals in hydrocaulus (see Fraser, 1941 Plate 14 fig. 4) | ? | reduced gonophores shows no sign of tentacular processes | Vervoort, 2009; Fraser, 1941 |
| *Corymorpha vacuola* (Xu, Huang & Guo, 2012) | *Euphysora vacuola* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Du et al, 2012 |
| *Corymorpha valdiviae* (Vanhoffen, 1911) | *Euphysora valdiviae* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Vanhoffen, 1911; Kramp, 1968 |
| *Corymorpha verrucosa* (Bouillon, 1978) | *Euphysora verrucosa* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Bouillon, 1978; Wang et al., 2019 |
| *Euphysa aurata* Forbes, 1848 | *-* | Up to 4,5 mm  | hydranth without gastric diaphragm. Oral capitate tentacles, moniliform aboral tentacles | hydrocaulus without longitudinal canals | at the aboral end of hydranth one or two whorls of3-6 papillae, sometimes also a few similar papillae on stem,in lower part up to 10 scattered attachment filaments, basal end may terminate in stolon-likeprocesses | medusa | Schuchert, 2010 |
| *Euphysa brevia* (Uchida, 1947) | *Sarsia brevia* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Uchida, 1947 |
| *Euphysa flammea* (Hartlaub, 1902) | *-* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Schuchert, 2010 |
| *Euphysa intermedia* (Schuchert, 1996) | *Corymorpha intermedia* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Schuchert, 1996 |
| *Euphysa japonica* (Maas, 1909) | *Sarsia japonica* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Maas, 1909 |
| *Euphysa peregrina* (Murbach, 1899) | *Hypolytus peregrinus* | up to 15 mmtemporarilyattached to substrata, may be found floating at the surface of the water | oral and aboral tentacles of the same shape and structure are slightly enlarged at the end | ? | A very delicate perisarcal envelope covers the whole hydrocaulus,adhering to foreign objects. Where the hydranth joins the hydrocaulus there is a ring-like expansion | reduced gonophore | Murbach, 1899 |
| *Euphysa problematica* Schuchert, 1996 | *-* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Schuchert, 1996 |
| *Euphysa ruthae* Norenburg & Morse, 1983 | *-* | up to 40 mm  | oral tentacles capitate and moniliform with two annuli of nematocysts, aboral tentacles moniliform with about 15-25 annuli and a terminal knob | hydrocaulus without longitudinal canals | Just below the constriction,the hydrocaulus bears 5-14 irregularly distributed papillae. May be numerous filaments proximal to the papillae. Hydrocaulus is loosely invested with a mucoid sheath. | sexual individuals unknown | Norenburg and Morse, 1983 |
| *Euphysa scintillans* Gershwin, Zeidler & Davie, 2010 | *-* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Gershwin et al., 2010 |
| *Euphysa tentaculata* Linko, 1905 | *-* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Schuchert, 2010 |
| *Euphysa tetrabrachia* Bigelow, 1904 | *-* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Bigelow, 1904 |
| *Euphysa vervoorti* Brinckmann-Voss & Arai, 1998 | *-* | hydroid unknown | ? | ? | ? | medusa | Brinckmann-Voss & Arai, 1998 |
| *Margelopsis haeckelii* Hartlaub, 1897 | *-* | up to 2 mm, planktonic polyp  | two circlets of tentacles, All tentacles are more or less capitate, but have ring-shaped or spiral batteries of cnidosysts throughout their whole length (thus unclear moniliform?) | without longitudinal canals | the aboralpole terminates in a short stalk with a sucker-shaped depression, without adhesive appendages | medusa | Werner, 1955; Schuchert, 2006;Our data |

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