STROBE Statement—checklist of items that should be included in reports of observational studies

	No.	Recommendation	Page No.	Relevant text from manuscript
Title and	-	(a) Indicate the study's design with a commonly used term in the title or the abstract	-	
abstract		(b) Provide in the abstract an informative and balanced summary of what was done and what was found	_	
Introduction				
Background/ration	13	Explain the scientific background and rationale for the investigation being reported	2-5	
ale			,	
Objectives	w	State specific objectives, including any prespecified hypotheses	2-3	
Methods				
Study design	4	Present key elements of study design early in the paper	3	
Setting	S	Describe the setting, locations, and relevant dates, including periods of recruitment, exposure, follow-up, and data collection	3	
Participants	6	(a) Cohort study.—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of	8	
		participants. Describe methods of follow-up		
		Case-control study—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of case ascertainment and control selection. Give the rationale for the choice of cases and controls		
		Cross-sectional study—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of		
		(b) Cohort study-For matched studies, give matching criteria and number of exposed and	AN	
		unexposed		
		Case-control study-For matched studies, give matching criteria and the number of controls per		
		case		
Variables	7	Clearly define all outcomes, exposures, predictors, potential confounders, and effect modifiers.	3	
		Give diagnostic criteria, if applicable		
Data sources/	*8	For each variable of interest, give sources of data and details of methods of assessment	~	
measurement		(measurement). Describe comparability of assessment methods if there is more than one group	,	
Bias	9	Describe any efforts to address potential sources of bias	3	
Study size	10	Explain how the study size was arrived at	4	

FIN	period		
	(c) If relevant, consider translating estimates of relative risk into absolute risk for a meaningful time		
8-8	(b) Report category boundaries when continuous variables were categorized		
	included		
	(eg, 95% confidence interval). Make clear which confounders were adjusted for and why they were		results
4-6	(a) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted estimates and their precision	16	Main
NA	Cross-sectional study—Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures		
NA	Case-control study-Report numbers in each exposure category, or summary measures of exposure		data
	Cohort study—Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures over time	15*	Outcome
3	(c) Cohort study—Summarise follow-up time (eg, average and total amount)		
CIN	(b) Indicate number of participants with missing data for each variable of interest		
	exposures and potential confounders		data
3	(a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic, clinical, social) and information on	14*	Descriptive
NA	(c) Consider use of a flow diagram		
PIN	(b) Give reasons for non-participation at each stage		
	for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in the study, completing follow-up, and analysed		
2	(a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study-eg numbers potentially eligible, examined	13*	Participant
			Results
45	(e) Describe any sensitivity analyses		
	strategy		
	Cross-sectional study—If applicable, describe analytical methods taking account of sampling		
	Case-control study-If applicable, explain how matching of cases and controls was addressed		
AIA	(d) Cohort study—If applicable, explain how loss to follow-up was addressed		
NA	(c) Explain how missing data were addressed		
3	(b) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions		methods
4	(a) Describe all statistical methods, including those used to control for confounding	12	Statistical
+	groupings were chosen and why		e variables
"	and the second s	1.1	Quantinany

Other	17	17 Report other analyses done—eg analyses of subgroups and interactions, and sensitivity analyses	4-6
analyses			
Discussion			9
Key results	18	Summarise key results with reference to study objectives	, -
Limitations	19	Limitations 19 Discuss limitations of the study, taking into account sources of potential bias or imprecision. Discuss	7-8
		both direction and magnitude of any potential bias	0
Interpretati	20	Interpretati 20 Give a cautious overall interpretation of results considering objectives, limitations, multiplicity of	7-1
on		analyses, results from similar studies, and other relevant evidence	
Generalisa	21	21 Discuss the generalisability (external validity) of the study results	MA
bility			
Other			
Funding	22	22 Give the source of funding and the role of the funders for the present study and, if applicable, for the	AA
		original study on which the present article is based	

*Give information separately for cases and controls in case-control studies and, if applicable, for exposed and unexposed groups in cohort and cross-sectional studies.

Note: An Explanation and Elaboration article discusses each checklist item and gives methodological background and published examples of transparent reporting. The STROBE checklist is best used in conjunction with this article (freely available on the Web sites of PLoS Medicine at http://www.plosmedicine.org/, Annals of Internal Medicine at http://www.annals.org/, and Epidemiology at http://www.epidem.com/). Information on the STROBE Initiative is available at www.strobe-statement.org.